SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **LPS® Magnum**

Other means of identification

Part Number 00616

Recommended use A specialized lubricant designed to reduce friction, heat, noise and wear between moving parts and to loosen rusted or immovable parts and mechanisms.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Manufacturer

Company name ITW Pro Brands

Address 4647 Hugh Howell Rd.
Tucker, GA 30084

Country (U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 770-243-8800

In Case of Emergency 1-800-424-9300 (inside U.S.)
+001 703-527-3887 (outside U.S.)

Website www.lpslabs.com

E-mail lpssds@itwprobrands.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
Health hazards	Not classified.	
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Extremely flammable aerosol.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response Wash hands after handling.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates Petroleum, Hydroteated Light		64742-47-8	40 - 50

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med		64742-46-7	30 - 40
Calcium Alkylnapthalenesulfonate		57855-77-3	1 - 5
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined light paraffinic		64741-89-5	1 - 5
Carbon Dioxide		124-38-9	1 - 3
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether		34590-94-8	1 - 3
Methyl Oleate		67762-26-9	1 - 3

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact
Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Symptoms of overexposure can include shortness of breath, drowsiness, headaches, confusion, decreased coordination, visual disturbances and vomiting, and are reversible if exposure is stopped.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue.

Specific methods
In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

General fire hazards
Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Extinguish all flames in the vicinity.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Contents under pressure. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Use care in handling/storage.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates Petroleum, Hydroteated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Oil mist

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	PEL	600 mg/m3
		100 ppm

ACGIH

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates Petroleum, Hydroteated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Oil mist

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
		30000 ppm
	TWA	9000 mg/m3

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
		5000 ppm
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	900 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	600 mg/m3
		100 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye wash fountain is recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.

Other Avoid contact with clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory protection No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Physical state Gas.

Form Liquid.

Color Brown.

Odor Mild. Sweet.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point Not established

Initial boiling point and boiling range 383 °F (195 °C)

Flash point 174.2 °F (79.0 °C) Tag Closed Cup - dispensed liquid

Evaporation rate < 0.1 BuAc

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.6 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7 %
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	< 0.05 mm Hg @ 20ºC
Vapor density	4.7 (air = 1)
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	< 4 %
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	< 1
Auto-ignition temperature	> 442.4 °F (> 228 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	< 7 cSt @ 25ºC
Other information	
Heat of combustion	> 30 kJ/g
Specific gravity	0.85 - 0.87 @ 20ºC
VOC (Weight %)	2.9 % per U.S. State and Federal Consumer Product Regulations

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions. Instability caused by elevated temperatures. Risk of ignition.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. This product may react with oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 19020 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		10 ml/kg, 24 Hours
		9.5 g/kg
	Rat	> 19020 mg/kg, Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
		> 20 ml/kg, Hours
Oral		
LD50	Dog	7.5 ml/kg
	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
		5.4 ml/kg
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	1.72 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Distillates Petroleum, Hydroteated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
		> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Cat	> 6.4 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	> 7.5 mg/l, 6 Hours
		> 4.3 mg/l, 4 Hours
		> 0.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
		> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	2.18 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Methyl Oleate (CAS 67762-26-9)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Further information None known.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Distillates Petroleum, Hydroteated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.9 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability Not inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available for this product.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

LPS® Magnum < 1

Mobility in soil Not available.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure.

Hazardous waste code D003: Waste Reactive material

Waste from residues / unused products Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1
Packing group Not applicable.
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions N82
Packaging exceptions 306
Packaging non bulk None
Packaging bulk None

IATA

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1

Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available.

DOT

IATA; IMDG

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US - California Candidate Chemicals: Listed

Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

Not Listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 08-16-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer Not available.

Revision Information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.